

# Factors and Constants

## *Useful Conversion Factors*

$$1 \text{ dyn/cm}^2 = 1.450 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb/in}^2 = 1.02 \times 10^{-6} \text{ kg/cm}^2$$

$$1 \text{ Pa} = 10 \text{ dyn/cm}^2 = 7.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mmHg} = 1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ bar} = 1.02 \times 10^{-5} \text{ kg/cm}^2$$
$$= 1 \text{ N/m}^2 = 1 \text{ J/m}^3$$

$$1 \text{ bar} = 1 \text{ atm pressure} = 1 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$$

$$1 \text{ J} = 2.387 \times 10^{-1} \text{ cal} = 1 \times 10^7 \text{ erg}$$

$$1 \text{ Pa} \cdot \text{s} = 10 \text{ poise} = 0.672 \text{ lb/ft} \cdot \text{s} = 2,420 \text{ lb/ft} \cdot \text{h} = 10 \text{ g/cm} \cdot \text{s}$$

$$1 \text{ nm} = 10 \text{ \AA}$$

$$1 \text{ N} = 10^5 \text{ dyn} = 1.02 \times 10^{-1} \text{ kgf} = 2.248 \times 10^{-1} \text{ lbf}$$

$$1 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} = 1 \text{ J}$$

$$\text{MPa} \cdot 145 = \text{PSI}$$

$$\text{Giga} = 10^9 \quad \text{deci} = 10^{-1} \quad \text{micro} = 10^{-6}$$

$$\text{Mega} = 10^6 \quad \text{centi} = 10^{-2} \quad \text{nano} = 10^{-9}$$

$$\text{Kilo} = 10^3 \quad \text{milli} = 10^{-3}$$

$$\text{C-C bond energy} = 83 \text{ kcal/mol} = 360 \text{ kJ/mol}$$

## Constants and Conversion Factors

### *Values of Often Used Constants<sup>†</sup>*

Avogadro's number	$N_A$	$6.022 \times 10^{23}$ molecules/mol
Boltzmann's constant	$k$	$1.380 \times 10^{-16} \text{ erg/K} = 1.380 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$
Gas constant, molar	$R$	$8.314 \text{ J/mol} \cdot \text{K} = 82.15 \text{ cm}^3 \cdot \text{atm/mol} \cdot \text{K}$ $= 1.987 \text{ cal/mol} \cdot \text{K} = 8.31 \times 10^7 \text{ dyn} \cdot \text{cm/mol} \cdot \text{K}$ $= 8.314 \text{ Pa} \cdot \text{m}^3/\text{mol} \cdot \text{K} = 0.082051 \cdot \text{atm/mol} \cdot \text{K}$ $= 8.48 \times 10^4 \text{ g} \cdot \text{cm/mol} \cdot \text{K}$
Planck's constant	$h$	$6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J} \cdot \text{s}$
Speed of light in vacuum	$c$	$2.997 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$

Universal constants for William Landel Ferry:  $C_1=17.44$  and  $C_2=51.6$ .